Physics Colloquium

Michigan Technological University Thursday, January 31, 2013 4:00 pm Room 139 Fisher Hall

First-principles Study of Bio-conjugated Ultra-thin Silicon Nanowires: Interaction with a PNA-RNA Double Helix

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Abstract: We present the results of a first-principles study based on density functional theory of peptide nucleic acid (PNA) ribonucleic acid (RNA) double helix conjugated silicon nanowires (SiNWs). The effects of a hexane linker functionalization, probe PNA strand immobilization, and target RNA strand hybridization on the electronic states of the ultra-thin SiNWs in a dry condition are investigated. All of these effects appear to marginally modify the core silicon states of the nanowires, manifested by a low level of p-doping in SiNWs. The intrinsic energy gap of the SiNWs is essentially unchanged, though there exist mid-gap states contributed by the PNA/RNA molecules which tend to localize near the Fermi energy. Overall, the bioconjugation considered does not appear to significantly affect the intrinsic electronic and transmission states of the ultra-thin SiNWs.